

# New Boundaries in Europe

After the fall of Napoleon, kings tried to return Europe to its condition before the French Revolution.

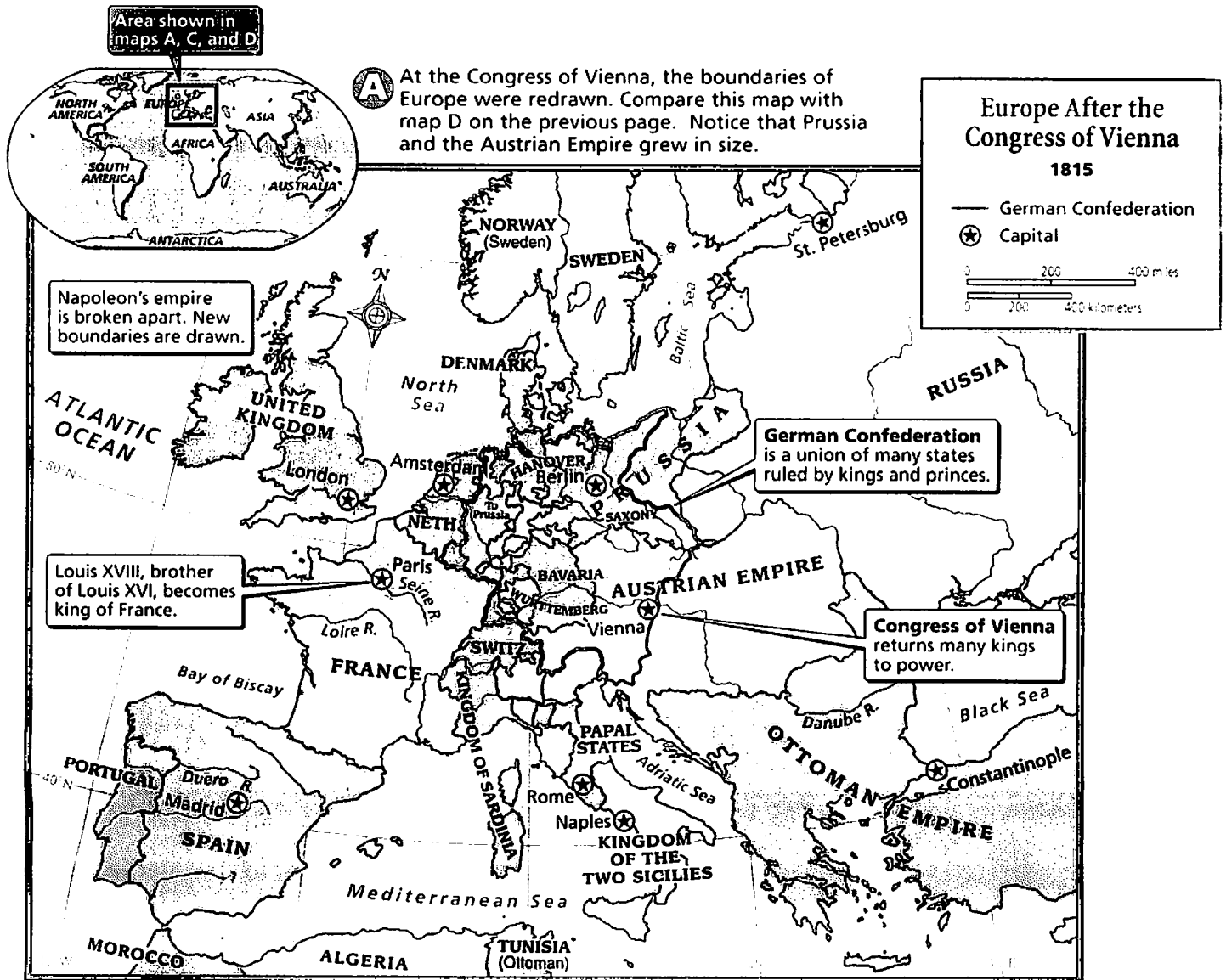
- 1815** In 1815 many kings and princes of Europe met at the Congress of Vienna. They returned power to kings who had been removed by Napoleon.
- 1848** In 1848 uprisings erupted across Europe. Many people were unhappy with their rulers and governments.
- 1878** By 1878 the map of Europe had changed again. New countries and boundaries were created.



## Whose country is this?

The Austrian Empire ruled Hungarians, Italians, Czechs, and others. Supporters of nationalism argued that their own groups should have their own countries.

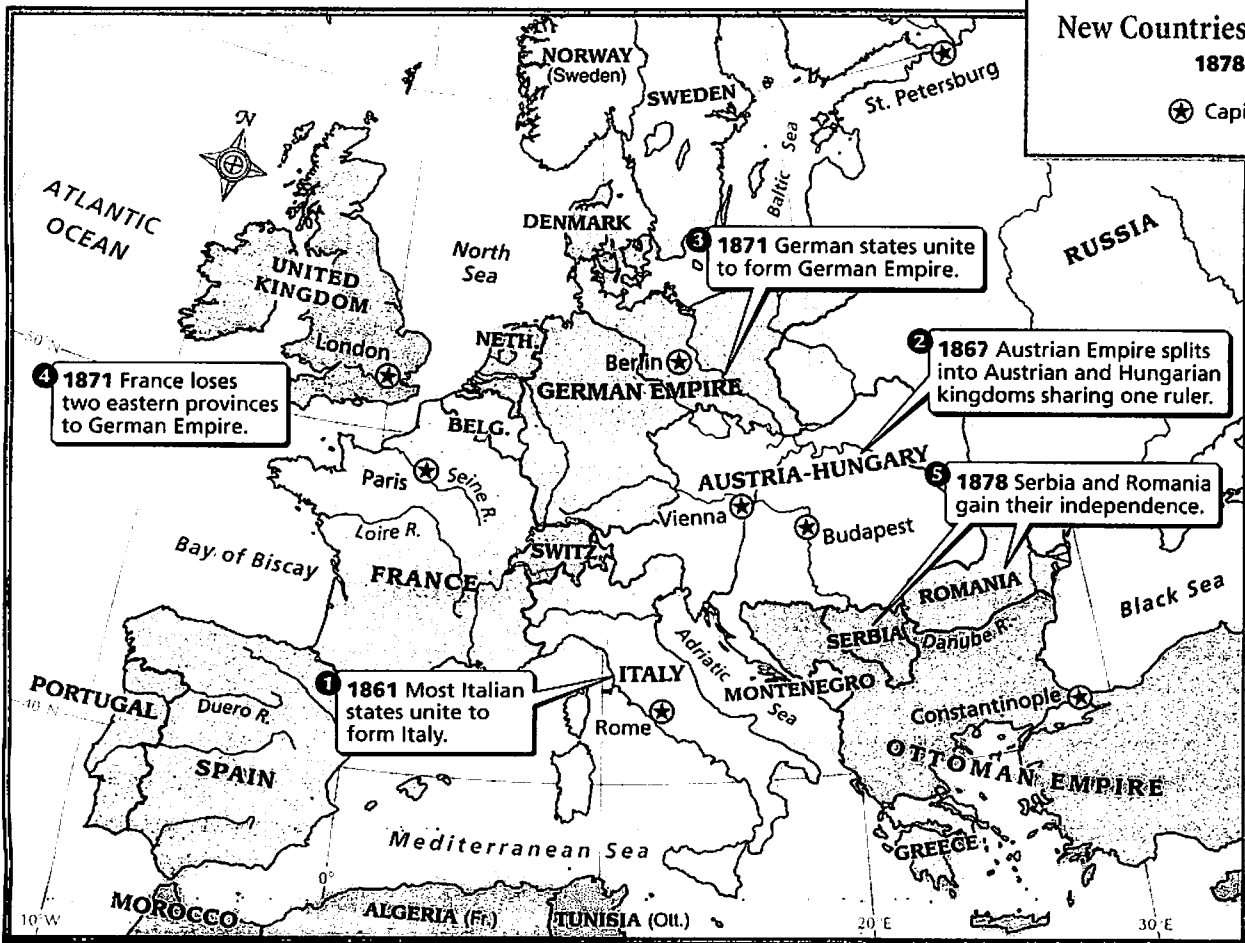
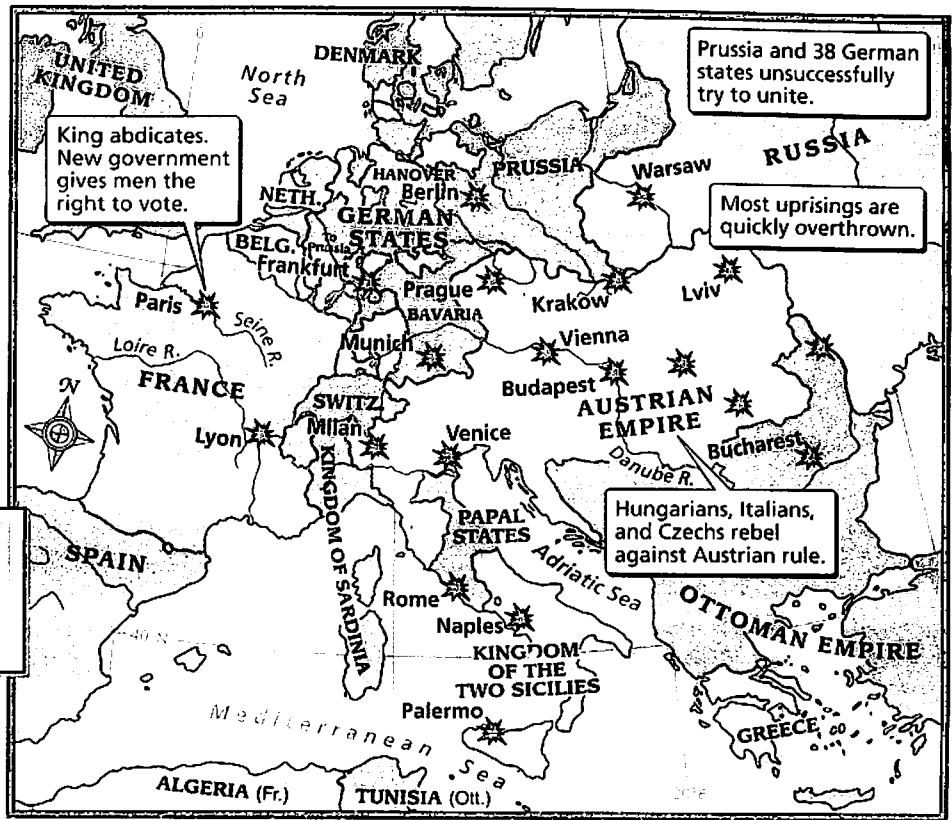
- B** The Red Shirts were a revolutionary group that wanted to unite all Italian-speaking people. Here the Red Shirts battle to free the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies from its French ruler and unite it with the rest of Italy.



These uprisings were called the "Revolution of 1848." People protested corrupt governments, poor working conditions, foreign rule, and other issues. None of these uprisings was successful.

**Revolution Sweeps Europe  
1848-1849**

★ Uprising or revolt



**New Countries of Europe  
1878**

★ Capital

In some places nationalism united countries, while in other places it divided them. Compare this map with map A. Notice that by 1878 Italy was united; so was the German Empire. Also notice that a few countries had gained their independence from the Ottoman Empire.